- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Slurs page 34 #102-105
- 3) Learn C-naturals page 42 #133-135
- 4) Violas/Cellos Learn C String page 50 #163, 164, and 166

#### Warm-Ups

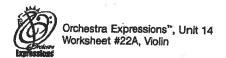
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 28 #81 "Pentascale #3 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 42 # 137 "Pentascale #5 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Slurs page 34 #104 and 105
- 3) C-natural page 42 #136 and 137
- 4) Violas/Cellos C String page 50 #165 and 167

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		4			

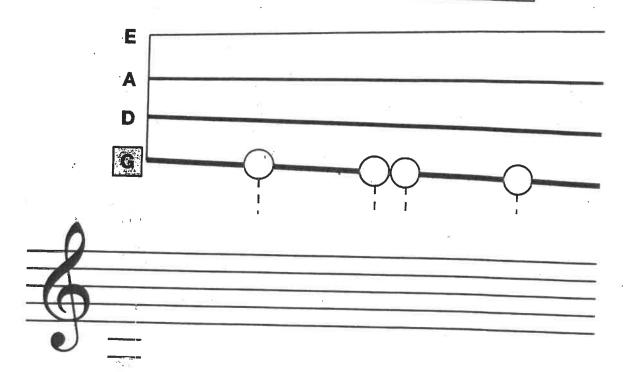


· Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# 2-3 Finger Pattern on the G String—Violin

#### Instructions:

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.



#### Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

#### In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Slurs page 34 #106-107
- 3) Violins/Basses Learn E String pg. 46 #147, 148, and 150
- 4) Cellos Learn IV Position pg. 44 #141 and 143
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 1-8

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #1,05 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 28 #81 "Pentascale #3 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 42 # 137 "Pentascale #5 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #154 "Pentascale #6 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Slurs page 34 #106 and 107
- 3) Violins/Basses E String pg. 46 #149 and 151
- 4) Cellos IV Position pg. 44 #142 and 144
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 1-8

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

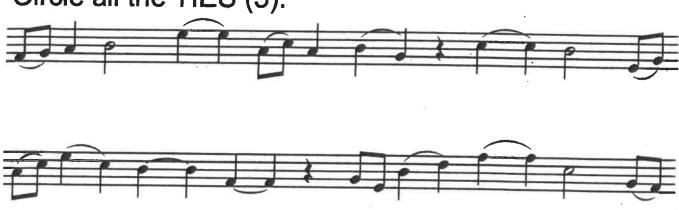
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

P	arent	Initials:	
f.	uleili	II IIII CIIS.	

# TIES and SLURS Homework

Review the definitions of TIES and SLURS on page 34 in your Orchesra Expressions Book.

# Circle all the TIES (5):

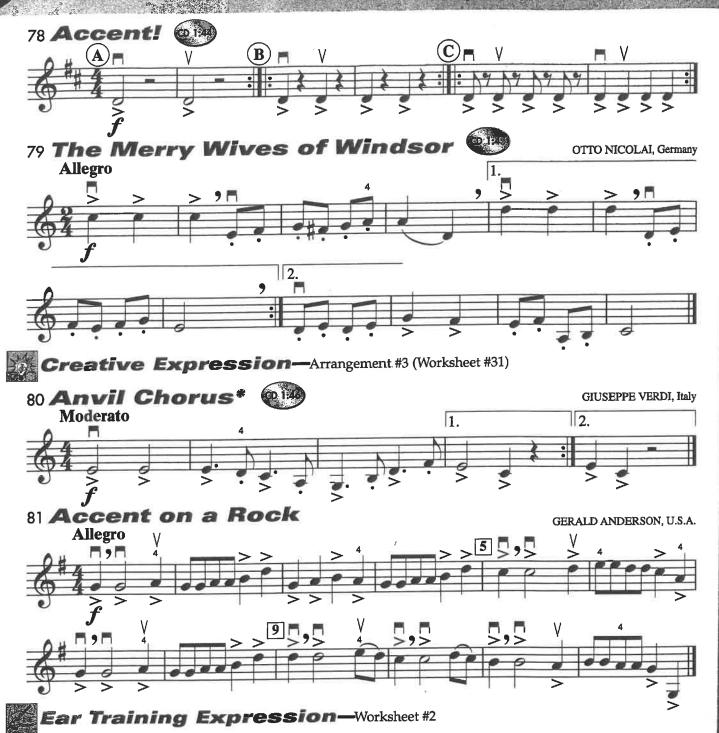


# Circle all the SLURS (5):





Accent-start the note with emphasis



#### Orchestra @ Home

#### LESSON 1

- 1. Perform orchestra and vibrato warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice Lines 78–79. Focus on accents. Remember to hook, release, and stop each accented note.
- 3. Complete your arrangement.

#### LESSON 2

- 1. Perform orchestra and vibrato warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice and prepare Lines 79-80. Focus on accents. Teach what you learned about accents in opera music to family and friends.
- Practice Line 81. Focus on placing the bow after the lift for a firm accent.
- 4. Practice and prepare your arrangement.

#### LESSON 3

- Perform orchestra and vibrato warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice lines 79-81 refining the use of accents.
- 3. Perform your arrangement for family and friends.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Accents Handout pg. 24 #78
- Learn G Major Scale pg.
   47 #155 & 156
- 4) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-8
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 9-16
- 6) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Accent Handout pg. 24 #78
- 3) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-8
- 4) Learn "Resolution" mm. 9-16
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

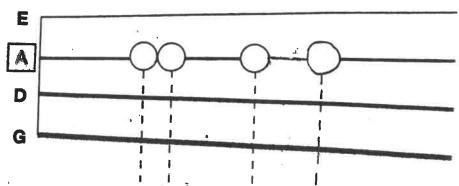


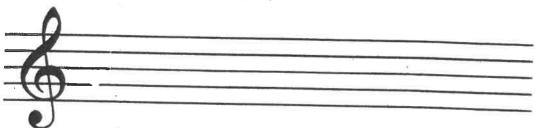
Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# Relate the A String Chromatic Notes/Fingerings to the Piano Keyboard—Violin

#### Instructions;

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.





- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-16
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 17-24
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 5-12

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-16
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 17-24
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 5-12

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# **Masterworks Word Search**

Instructions:

Complete the word search by identifying and circling the names of the six masterworks and six composers you have studied:

Carmen

**Bizet** 

Ode to Joy

Beethoven

Hoedown

Copland

Brandenburg

Bach

Blue Danube

Strauss

Firebird

Stravinsky

D	н	А	IN	D	E	N	В	U	R	G	A
E	S	T	Н	Α	M	U	S	S	1	L	Y
E	Α	Н	0	S	Α	R	0	T	Т	R	K
T	S	F	1	R	E	В	1	R	D	В	S
Н	i	S	G	С	0	Н	M	Α	С	E	N
0.	D	E	Т	0	J	0	Υ	U	W	С	ı
V	Ε	Т	Z	P	L	E	R	S	1	Α	V
Ε	Ν	Α	Ή	L	1	D	Α	S	0	R	Α
N	Ε	С	R	Α	S	0	N	Т	R	M	R
Ε	Α	Ν	U	Ν	T	W	В	I	Z	E	Т
В	L	U	Ε	D	Α	N	U				

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-24
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 25-32
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 13-20

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-24
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 25-32
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 13-20

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

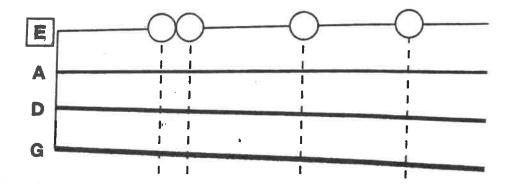


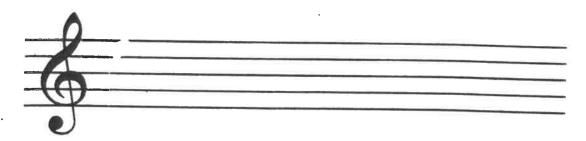
Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# Finger Pattern on the E String—Violin

#### instructions:

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
  Write the fingering numbers above the notes.





- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-32
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 33-40
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-20
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 21-28

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-32
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 33-40
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-20
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 21-28

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

	Creative Expression
	G Major Scale Composition
	Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.
	Create four measures of music by adding G Major Scale pitches to the
	hythm provided below. Start and end on G.
	Play your Song!
4	
" 4	

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-40
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 41-48
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-28
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 29-36

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-40
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 41-48
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-28
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 29-36

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name	e:
Date:	
	Creative Expression
	Composition Part 1
•	Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.  Create a rhythm four measures long by using quarter notes, eighth notes, half notes, and quarter rests.  Count and play your Rhythm!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-48
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 49-54
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-36
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 37-44

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-48
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 49-54
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-36
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 37-44

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

	Creative Exp	ression
	G String Compos	
	r measures by writing the c bar lines, and a repeat sign	lef for your instrument, a time
<ul><li>Create four</li></ul>	_	ling G string pitches to the rhythm yo
<ul> <li>Play your S</li> </ul>		•

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-54
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 55-62
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-44
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 45-52

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-54
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 55-62
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-44
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 45-52

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

## Speed Drill on D Major Note Names

1	n:	ef	71	ı	r:d	ı.	n	n	e	4
	B 84	31	31 4	ш	Le a	ur.	м	83	_	ú

On the staff below, draw your clef sign and draw quarter notes above each letter name (add sharps before F and C). Try to complete all three lines in one minute or less.

<u>3r</u>			×					*		
8	D	Fŧ	В	E	CI ,	A	G	E	В	open D
	В	FI	D	В	E	G	A	CI	A	В
	E	G	A	Cŧ	F	B	E¢.		-	↓ open

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-62
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 63-end
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-52
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 53-end

## Warm-Ups

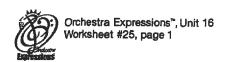
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-62
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 63-end
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-52
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 53-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	3
Date	

#### **First Semester Orchestra Review**

I. Fill in the blanks. Use each tool/term only once. music staff repeat sign ledger lines bow lift scale double stop allegro round bar line clef sign arco sharp sign chord tempo moderato ABA form measure time signature pizzicato double bar arpeggio andante key signature pentascale \_\_\_\_\_ allow us to play notes above and below the staff. 1. The \_\_\_\_\_ indicates the end of a piece. 3. The \_\_\_\_\_ has five lines and four spaces. has two lines and two dots and means to perform a section or the composition again. 5. A comma is the sign for a \_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_ means to play with the bow. 7. A \_\_\_\_\_ separates the staff into measures. 8. A \_\_\_\_\_ raises the pitch one half step. means to pluck the string. 10. \_\_\_\_\_ means to play the music at a fast tempo. 11. A \_\_\_\_\_ is placed at the beginning of the staff to denote the pitch of one of the lines. 12. A slow walking speed of music is described as \_\_\_\_\_ 13. When musicians play the exact same music but begin at different times, it is called a \_\_\_\_\_ 14. When music moves in ascending or descending order, it is called a \_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. The space between two bar lines is called a \_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. A \_\_\_\_\_ is three or more notes played at the same time. has five notes moving in ascending or descending order. 18. When you play two notes at the same time it is called a \_\_\_\_\_ tells us how many beats are in a measure. 20. Music that sounds the same at the beginning and end with something different in the middle is called 21. When you play the notes of a chord one at a time, it is called an \_\_\_\_\_\_ 22. \_\_\_\_\_ is the speed of the music. tells us which notes to play sharp or flat.

means to play the music at a moderate tempo.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn F-natural pg. 40 #126-128
- 3) Review "Resolution" ALL
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" ALL

## Warm-Ups

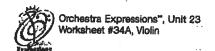
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Play pg. 41 #130 "Pentascale #4 and Arpeggio"
- 3) Review "Resolution" ALL
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

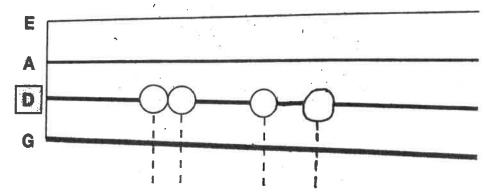


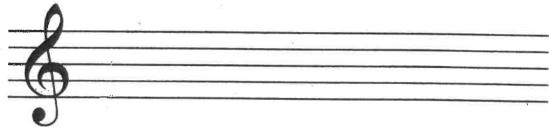
Name	
Orchestra/Period	,
Date	

# Relate the D String Chromatics to the Piano Keyboard—Violin

#### Instructions:

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.





# Resolution





# **Sourwood Mountain**



41245

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## **Sourwood Mountain**



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- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn C Major Scale pg. 51 #170 and 171
- 3) **Basses** Learn II Position pg. 51 #169
- 4) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20

#### Warm-Ups

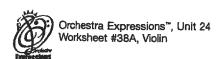
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) **Basses** II Position pg. 51 #169
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

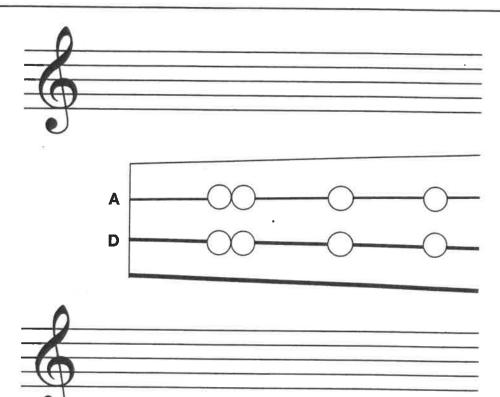


Name _	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# Finger Patterns on the D and A Strings—Violin

#### instructions:

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- On the staff above the fingerboard, draw the corresponding quarter notes for the A string.
- On the staff below the fingerboard, draw the corresponding quarter notes for the D string.
- Write the fingering numbers above all the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn ¾ Time Signature pg. 36 #112-114
- 3) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20
- 4) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 21-36
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 21-36
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name:
Date:
Creative Expression
Composition Part 1
<ul> <li>Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.</li> <li>Create a rhythm four measures long by using quarter notes, eighth notes, half notes, and quarter rests.</li> <li>Count and play your Rhythm!</li> </ul>

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-36
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 37-52
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 13-22

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-36
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 37-52
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 13-22

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name:
Date:
Creative Expression
Composition Part 2
<ul> <li>Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.</li> <li>Create four measures of music by adding C-scale pitches to the rhythm you created in Composition Part 1. Start and end on C.</li> <li>Play your Song!</li> </ul>

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-52
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 53-60
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-22
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 23-30

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major "Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-52
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 53-60
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-22
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 23-30

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	Tuesday	Tuesday Wednesday	Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

## **Additional Games**

#### **Note Values**

Instructions:

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide: in  $\overset{4}{4}$  and  $\overset{2}{4}$  time:

Quarter note = 1 beat Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1. There are	eighth notes in one quarter note.
2. There are	quarter notes in six eighth notes.
3. There are	eighth notes in two quarter notes.
4. Three quarter notes equal	eighth notes.
5. Four eighth notes equal _	beats.
6. Three eighth notes equal	heate

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-60
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 61-80
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-30
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 31-38

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-60
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 61-80
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-30
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 31-38

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	1				

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Time Signatures

- Instructions:
  The top number tells how many beats in a measure.
  The bottom number tells what kind of note will receive one beat.

1. A	gets one beat in 4 time.
2. There are	beats in a measure in $\frac{4}{4}$ time.
3. There are	beats in a measure in $\frac{2}{4}$ time.
4. A	gets one beat in 4 time.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-80
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 81-end
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-38
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 39-46

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

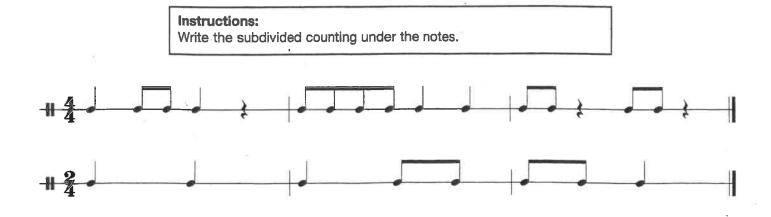
#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-80
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 81-end
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-38
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 39-46

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	Tuesday	Tuesday Wednesday	Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

#### Rhythm Line #2



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-46
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 47-end

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-46
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 47-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

II. Fill in each blank with a composer's name listed below. You may use each composer name more than once. You will need to remember these facts in order to write about each of these composers in another section of the semester assessment.

	Johann Strauss II	lgor Stravinsky	Antonio Vivaldi	Johannes Brahms
1.		was known as "The Wa	ltz King."	
2.	In 1879 Breslau Universit		the honorary de	gree of doctor of philosophy.
3.	The works ofand melodies with unpred		mplex harmonies, irregular r	hythms and time signatures,
4.	about the benefits of elec	composed "On the Bea	utiful Blue Danube," originall	y written as a song with words
5.	It has been said that	wo	ould begin a composition in t	he morning, members of the
				duct the new waltz that night.
6.		was a driving force behi	nd most of the important mu	_
7.			r different concertos for solo he year: winter, spring, sumr	
8.			erb craftsmanship and enorm	
9.			greatest composers of the last no words or meaning oth	
10.				-
				s that were popular at the time. sitions became more complex.
				and wrote in the baroque style.
			secre	
		es until his debut at the ag		uy studied the violin and
14.		as the "Waltz Capital of the		f
15.		composed the music for t	ne ballet about a beautiful fireb	ird and an evil magician called
	The Firebird.			3
16.		pushed instruments into e	extended ranges and required	that players learn difficult new
	techniques.			, ,
17.	in 1703	_ became the violin instructo	or at the Venetian Ospedale (\	/enice Orphanage Conservatory).
				as nicknamed "The Red Priest."
				ublic appearance at the age of
			aying piano in taverns and re	
20.	V==		umble roots; he preferred to	dine in simple restaurants and

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- Review "Lotus Dance" ALL

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" ALL

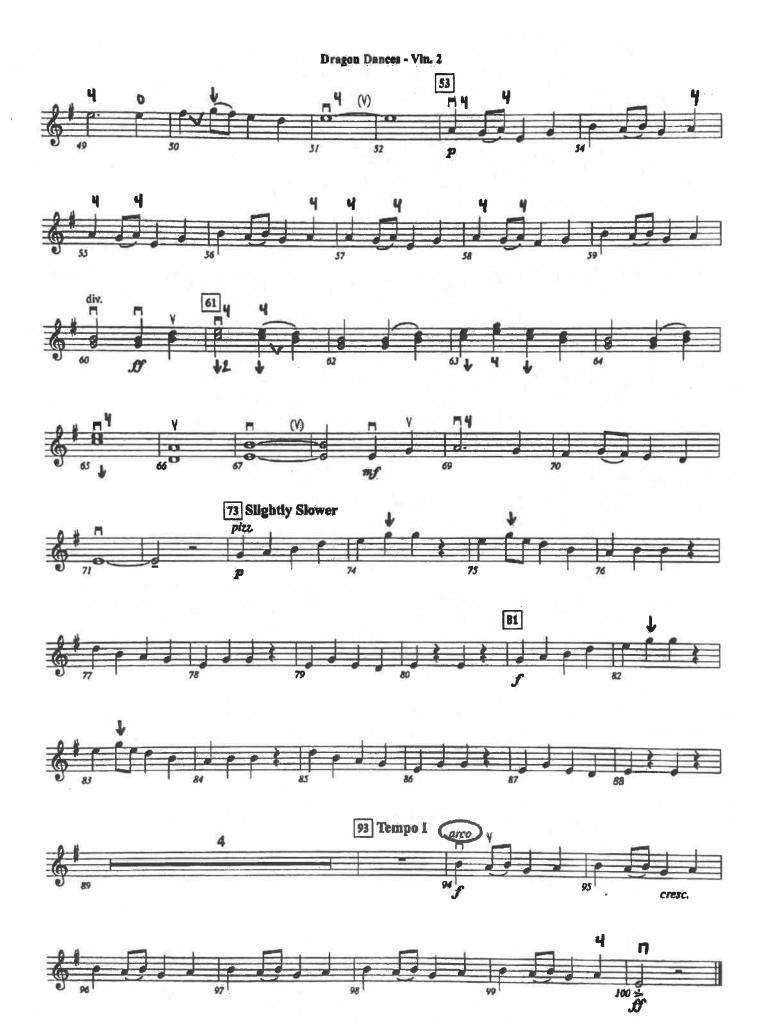
Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

	,	

### **DRAGON DANCES**







### **DRAGON DANCES**



### **Lotus Dance**



#### **Lotus Dance**



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Hooked Bow pg. 39 #121-123
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 4) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 1-16

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Hooked Bowing pg. 39 #122-123
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 4) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 1-16

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

#### **Additional Games**

#### **Note Values**

D	- 4					
ın	STI	ш	ct	ഥ	ns	٠

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide:  $\ln \frac{4}{4}$  and  $\frac{2}{4}$  time:

Quarter note = 1 beat Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1. There are	eighth notes in one quarter note.
2. Two quarter notes equal _	eighth notes.
3. There are	eighth notes in four quarter notes.
4. Three quarter notes equal	eighth notes.
5. Four eighth notes equal _	beats.
6. Three eighth notes equal _	beats

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 19-27
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-16
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 17-24

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 19-27
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-16
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 17-24

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

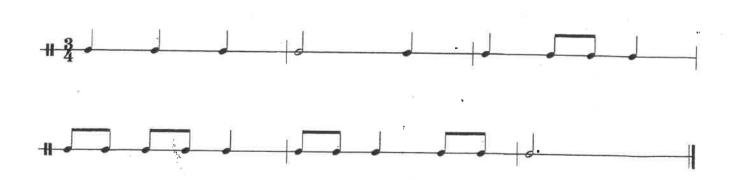
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

#### Speed Drill on D Major Note Names

#### Rhythm Line #3

Instructions:

Write the subdivided counting under the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-27
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 28-35
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-24
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 25-32

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-27
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 28-35
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-24
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 25-32

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

II. Fill in each blank with a composer's name. You may use each name more than once.

Georges Bizet Ludwig van Beethoven Aaron Copland Johann Sebastian Bach

1,00		was deaf when he composed his Ninth Symphony.
2.		was a French composer who composed an opera about Spain and bull fight
3.		was a composer who wrote for the church as well as royalty. He also taught
	in the church school.	
4.		is considered the bridge between the classical period and nineteenth-century
	romanticism.	
5.		was a composer in the baroque period.
6.		was an American nationalist and wrote music using American folk forms.
7.		was never paid by the Duke of Brandenburg for his concertos.
8.		wrote ballet music using the American rodeo as his theme.
9.		wrote "Ode to Joy," which described his feelings about the brotherhood of man.
		used fiddle music in his composition Rodeo.
11.	The music of	is a good example of nineteenth-century romantic
		n, nationalism, and lush writing for orchestra.
12.	His opera Carmen has become	the world's most popular opera. His last name is

#### Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

#### In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-35
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 36-43
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-32
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 33-46

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-35
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 36-43
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-32
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 33-46

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Additional Game**

#### Speed Drill on G Major Note Names

Instr	uctions:

On the staffs below, draw the clef sign for the instrument you play, and draw whole notes above each letter name. Add a sharp before Ft. Strive to complete all three lines in one minute or less.

 										_
Ď	F#	В		С	A	G	E	Fŧ	D	
										Ξ
										=
В	Fŧ	D	В	E	G	Α	С	G	В	
										_
										_
С	G	Α	С	E	В	F#	A	D	В	

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-43
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 44-50
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-46
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 47-54

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-43
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 44-50
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-46
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 47-54

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	
	TI TI

I play the (circle one):

Violin

Viola

Cello

String Bass

# Additional Games: Note Values, Note Names in D Major, Time Signatures, Rhythm Line in 3/4

#### **Note Values**

#### Instructions:

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide: in  $\frac{4}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$ , and  $\frac{2}{4}$  time:

Quarter note = 1 beat Half note = 2 beats

Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1.	tied eighth notes = one qual	rter note.			
2.	tied quarter notes = two tied	d half notes			
3.	tied eighth notes in one half	note.			
4.	Two tied quarter notes equal	beats.			
5.	. Three tied half notes equal beats.				
6.	Four tied eighth notes equal	beats.			

### Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

#### In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-50
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 51-end
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-54
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 55-end

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-50
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 51-end
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-54
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 55-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_



Name	

#### **Time Signatures**

#### Instructions:

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide:

- The top number tells how many beats in a measure.
- The bottom number tells what kind of note will receive one beat.

1. A	gets one count in $\frac{3}{4}$ time.
2. There are	
3. There are	<del>-</del>
4. A	gets one count in $\frac{2}{4}$ time.
	counts in a measure in 2 time.
6. A	gets one count in 4 time.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" ALL
- 3) Review "Shockwave" ALL

#### Warm-Ups

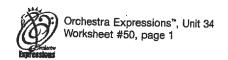
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
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- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" ALL
- 3) Review "Shockwave" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

#### Second Semester Orchestra Review

Second Semester Orchestra Review			
I. Fill in the blanks. Use each tool only once. You will need to remember the tools and their appropriate definitions to complete another part of the semester assessment.			
	1st and 2nd endings tie duet legato whole step chromatics common time	dotted half note octave ostinato slur anacrusis staccato slurred staccato (hooked bowing)	half step intonation natural waltz concerto symphony
1.	are notes altered with sharps, flats, or naturals.		
2.	When two players perform a composition with different parts, it is called a		
3.	A is the smallest interval between two notes.		
4.	A cancels a sharp or flat.		
	is the same as 4/4 time.		
	When notes are played separated or detached with a space between the control of t		
7.	A connects two notes of the same pitch together.		
8.	are used to repeat music and give it a different conclusion the		
	second time.		
9.	A connects two or more notes of different pitches.		
10. Two half steps together form a			
11.	is how well each note is played in tune.		
12.	When you play with smooth, connected bow strokes, you are using bowing.		
13.	3. One or more notes preceding the first complete measure is called an		
14.	14. Stopping the bow between notes while the bow moves in one direction is called		
15.	A	is a dance for a couple in 3/4 time.	
	note receives three beats of sound in 3/4 time.		
17. The distance from one note to the next note of the same name is an			
18.	is a multi-movement piece for orchestra that features one or more solo instruments.		
19.	is a short musical pattern that is repeated persistently.		
	is a short musical pattern that is repeated persistently.		

20. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a composition usually containing four movements.

## **Shockwave**

Violin I



## **Shockwave**

Violin II



## **Enchanted Village**

SEAN O'LOUGHLIN



