- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Slurs page 34 #102-105
- 3) Learn C-naturals page 42 #133-135
- 4) Violas/Cellos Learn C String page 50 #163, 164, and 166

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 28 #81 "Pentascale #3 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 42 # 137 "Pentascale #5 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Slurs page 34 #104 and 105
- 3) C-natural page 42 #136 and 137
- 4) Violas/Cellos C String page 50 #165 and 167

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

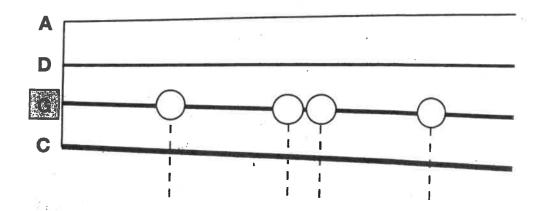
Parent Initials: _____



Name	-
Orchestra/Period	
Date	•

2-3 Finger Pattern on the G String—Viola

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.



n	

Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Slurs page 34 #106-107
- 3) Violins/Basses Learn E String pg. 46 #147, 148, and 150
- 4) Cellos Learn IV Position pg. 44 #141 and 143
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 1-8

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 # 1,05 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 28 #81 "Pentascale #3 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 42 # 137 "Pentascale #5 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #154 "Pentascale #6 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Slurs page 34 #106 and 107
- 3) Violins/Basses E String pg. 46 #149 and 151
- 4) Cellos IV Position pg. 44 #142 and 144
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 1-8

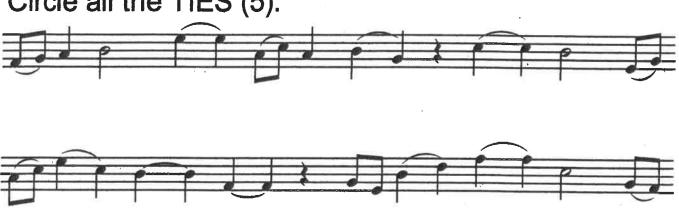
Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

TIES and SLURS Homework

Review the definitions of TIES and SLURS on page 34 in your Orchesra Expressions Book.

Circle all the TIES (5):



Circle all the SLURS (5):



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Accents Handout pg. 24 #78
- Learn G Major Scale pg.
 47 #155 & 156
- 4) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-8
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 9-16
- 6) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Accent Handout pg. 24 #78
- 3) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-8
- 4) Learn "Resolution" mm. 9-16
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

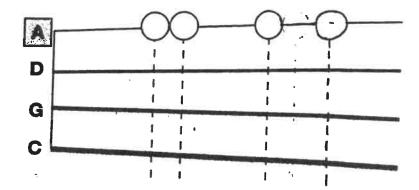
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

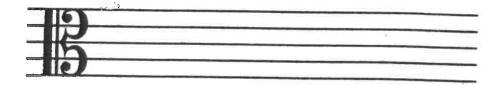


Name _	
Orchestra/Period _	
Date _	9

Relate the A String Chromatic Notes/Fingerings to the Piano Keyboard—Viola

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff,
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.









79 The Merry Wives of Windsor





7 Creative Expression—Arrangement #3 (Worksheet #31)





GIUSEPPE VERDI, Italy



81 Accent on a Rock

GERALD ANDERSON, U.S.A.



Ear Training Expression—Worksheet #2

Orchestra @ Home

LESSON 1

- 1. Perform orchestra and vibrato warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice Lines 78–79. Focus on accents. Remember to hook, release, and stop each accented note.
- 3. Complete your arrangement.

LESSON 2

- 1. Perform orchestra and vibrato warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice and prepare Lines 79-80. Focus on accents. Teach what you learned about accents in opera music to family and friends.
- Practice Line 81. Focus on placing the bow after the lift for a firm accent.
- 4. Practice and prepare your arrangement.

LESSON 3

- 1. Perform orchestra and vibrato warm ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice Lines 79–81 refining the use of accents.
- Perform your arrangement for family and friends.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-16
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 17-24
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 5-12

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-16
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 17-24
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 5-12

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

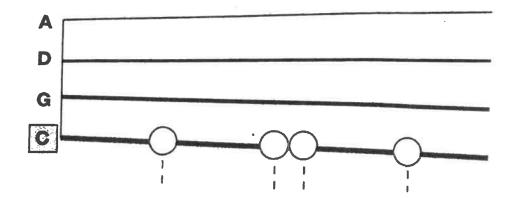
Parent Initials: _____

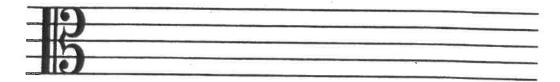


Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

Open Finger Pattern on the C String-Viola

- 1. Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- 2. Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
- 3. Write the fingering numbers above the notes.





- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-24
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 25-32
- Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 13-20

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-24
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 25-32
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 13-20

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	= 7
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

Masterworks Word Search

Instructions:

Complete the word search by identifying and circling the names of the six masterworks and six composers you have studied:

Carmen Bizet
Ode to Joy Beethoven
Hoedown Copland
Brandenburg Bach
Blue Danube Strauss
Firebird Stravinsky

B R E Α N D N B U R G Α E S T H Α M U S S E H S Α 0 A R T T K T S R F E B R D B S H S G 0 H M Α E C N T 0 J 0 Y W Z P E S R A N E H L Α D Α S 0 R N R S 0 Ν T R M E N U Α N T W B Z E T B U E A D N U B E N S

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-32
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 33-40
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-20
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 21-28

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-32
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 33-40
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-20
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 21-28

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name:	
Date:	-
Cı	reative Expression
G M	lajor Scale Composition
 signature, bar lines, and a Create four measures of n rhythm provided below. S Play your Song! 	music by adding G Major Scale pitches to the

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm.
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 41-48
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-28
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 29-36

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-40
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 41-48
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-28
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 29-36

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name: Date:
Creative Expression
Composition Part 1
 Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign. Create a rhythm four measures long by using quarter notes, eighth notes, half notes, and quarter rests. Count and play your Rhythm!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-48
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 49-54
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-36
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 37-44

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-48
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 49-54
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-36
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 37-44

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

	Creative Expression
	Cleative Expression
	G String Composition Part 2
•	Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.
٠	Create four measures of music by adding G string pitches to the rhyth created last week. Start and end on G.
	Play your Song!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-54
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 55-62
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-44
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 45-52

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-54
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 55-62
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-44
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 45-52

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Instructions:

Speed Drill on D Major Note Names

d'	On the st	aff below, d	raw your c to complet	lef sign and e all three li	d draw quan	ter notes a minute or l	bove each	letter name	e (add sh	arps
	D	FI	В	Ε	CI ,	A	G	E	В	ope D
-	В	F#	D ,	В	E	G	A	CI	A	В
	E	G	A	Cŧ	E	В	Fi	D	D	open

D

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-62
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 63-end
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-52
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 53-end

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

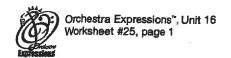
Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-62
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 63-end
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-52
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 53-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Parent Initials: _____



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	8 1

First Semester Orchestra Review

1. 1	Fill in the blanks. Use eac	h tool/term only once.						
	music staff scale bar line	repeat sign double stop clef sign	ledger lines allegro arco	bow lift round				
	chord measure arpeggio	tempo time signature andante	moderato pizzicato key signature	sharp sign ABA form double bar pentascale				
' 1.				,				
2.		iindicates		and below the staff.				
3.		haddates	•					
4.		has	,	21				
	perform a section or th							
· 5 .	A comma is the sign for	or a	,					
6.	mea	ns to play with the bow.						
7.	Α	separates th	e staff into measures.					
8.	A raises the pitch one half step.							
9.		means to	pluck the string.					
10		means to play the music	at a fast tempo.					
11.	Aone of the lines.		is placed at the beginning of	f the staff to denote the pitch of				
12.	A slow walking speed o	of music is described as						
13.	When musicians play th	ne exact same music but begin	at different times, it is calle	ed a				
		scending or descending order						
15.	The space between two	bar lines is called a						
16.	A is three or more notes played at the same time.							
17.	A	A has five notes moving in ascending or descending order.						
18.	When you play two note	es at the same time it is called	a					
	The tells us how many beats are in a measure.							
20.	Music that sounds the s	ame at the beginning and end	with something different in	the middle is called				
21.	When you play the notes	s of a chord one at a time, it is	called an	•				
		is the speed of the music.						
			tells us which notes to	o play sharp or flat				
		means to play the music a		. A				

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn F-natural pg. 40 #126-128
- 3) Review "Resolution" ALL
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" ALL

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Play pg. 41 #130 "Pentascale #4 and Arpeggio"
- 3) Review "Resolution" ALL
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

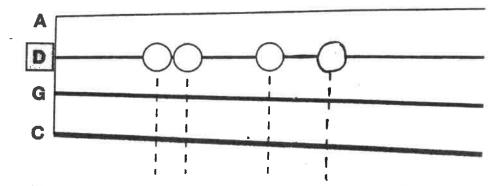
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

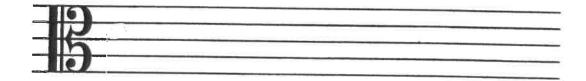


Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

Relate the D String Chromatics to the Piano Keyboard—Viola

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.





Sourwood Mountain



Copyright © 2014 by Highland/Etling Publishing, a division of ALFRED MUSIC All Rights Reserved. Printed in USA.







Resolution



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn C Major Scale pg. 51 #170 and 171
- 3) **Basses** Learn II Position pg. 51 #169
- 4) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Basses Il Position pg. 51 #169
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

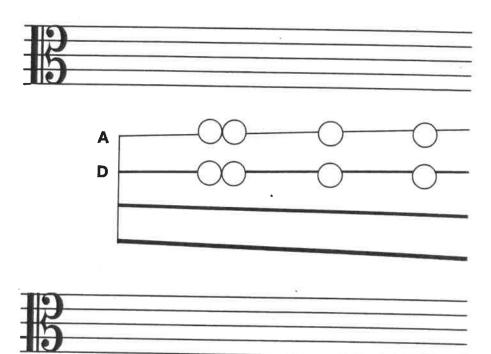
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

Finger Patterns on the D and A Strings—Viola

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- On the staff above the fingerboard, draw the corresponding quarter notes for the A string.
- On the staff below the fingerboard, draw the corresponding quarter notes for the D string.
- Write the fingering numbers above all the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn ¾ Time Signature pg. 36 #112-114
- 3) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20
- 4) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 21-36
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 21-36
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name:
Date:
Creative Expression
Composition Part 1
 Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign. Create a rhythm four measures long by using quarter notes, eighth notes, half notes, and quarter rests. Count and play your Rhythm!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-36
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 37-52
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 13-22

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-36
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 37-52
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 13-22

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

ivallie:	
Date: _	
	Creative Expression
	Composition Part 2
• Cı	reate four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time gnature, bar lines, and a repeat sign. reate four measures of music by adding C-scale pitches to the rhythm you reated in Composition Part 1. Start and end on C. ay your Song!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-52
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 53-60
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-22
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 23-30

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-52
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 53-60
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-22
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 23-30

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Additional Games

Note Values

1	l	_	А.							
1	ın	œ	TI	m	10	-01	PB 4	~	m	S
ı	18 8	3	ш		a٩	a 1	41	w	2 H	а.

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide: In $\frac{4}{4}$ and $\frac{2}{4}$ time:

Quarter note = 1 beat Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1. There are	eighth notes in one quarter note.
2. There are	quarter notes in six eighth notes.
3. There are	eighth notes in two quarter notes.
4. Three quarter notes equal	eighth notes.
5. Four eighth notes equal _	beats.
6. Three eighth notes equal	heats

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-60
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 61-80
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-30
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 31-38

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-60
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 61-80
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-30
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 31-38

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Time Signatures

- The top number tells how many beats in a measure.
 The bottom number tells what kind of note will receive one beat.

1. A	gets one beat in 4 time.
2. There are	beats in a measure in $\frac{4}{4}$ time.
3. There are	beats in a measure in $\frac{2}{4}$ time.
4. A	gets one beat in 4 time.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-80
- Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 81-end
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-38
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 39-46

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

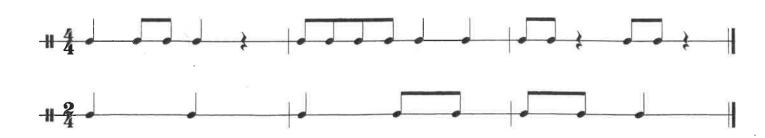
- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-80
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 81-end
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-38
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 39-46

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Rhythm Line #2

Instructions: Write the subdivided counting under the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-46
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 47-end

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-46
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 47-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

You will need to remember these facts in order to write about each of these composers in another section of the semester assessment. Johann Strauss II Igor Stravinsky Antonio Vivaldi Johannes Brahms _____ was known as "The Waltz King." 2. In 1879 Breslau University awarded ______ the honorary degree of doctor of philosophy. He wrote "Academic Festival Overture" in return for this honor. 3. The works of ______ feature complex harmonies, irregular rhythms and time signatures, and melodies with unpredictable leaps. 4. _____ composed "On the Beautiful Blue Danube," originally written as a song with words about the benefits of electric street lighting. would begin a composition in the morning, members of the It has been said that orchestra would copy the parts and rehearse it that afternoon, and he would conduct the new waltz that night. was a driving force behind most of the important musical developments of the first half of the twentieth century. wrote a collection of four different concertos for solo violin and string orchestra. Each concerto was named for a different season of the year: winter, spring, summer, and fall. 8. is celebrated for his superb craftsmanship and enormous output of more than 500 concertos. is considered one of the greatest composers of the nineteenth-century romantic period and a champion of "pure music" (music that has no words or meaning other than the music itself). _____ composed "Academic Festival" based on student songs that were popular at the time. 11. The music of ______reflected the industrial revolution as compositions became more complex. was an Italian composer who lived from 1678 to 1741 and wrote in the baroque style. 13. His father wanted him to be a banker; instead, ______ secretly studied the violin and composed numerous pieces until his debut at the age of 19. 14. Vienna is still recognized as the "Waltz Capital of the World" and was the home of ______, the well-known composer of waltzes. 15. composed the music for the ballet about a beautiful firebird and an evil magician called The Firebird. pushed instruments into extended ranges and required that players learn difficult new techniques. 17. In 1703 ______ became the violin instructor at the Venetian Ospedale (Venice Orphanage Conservatory). was ordained as a priest; because of his flaming red hair, he was nicknamed "The Red Priest." 19. From a young age, _____ studied piano and made his first public appearance at the age of ten. Soon after, he began to earn a little money by playing piano in taverns and restaurants. 20. _____ never departed from his humble roots; he preferred to dine in simple restaurants and wear a loose-fitting flannel shirt instead of formal clothes.

II. Fill in each blank with a composer's name listed below. You may use each composer name more than once.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- Review "Lotus Dance" ALL

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

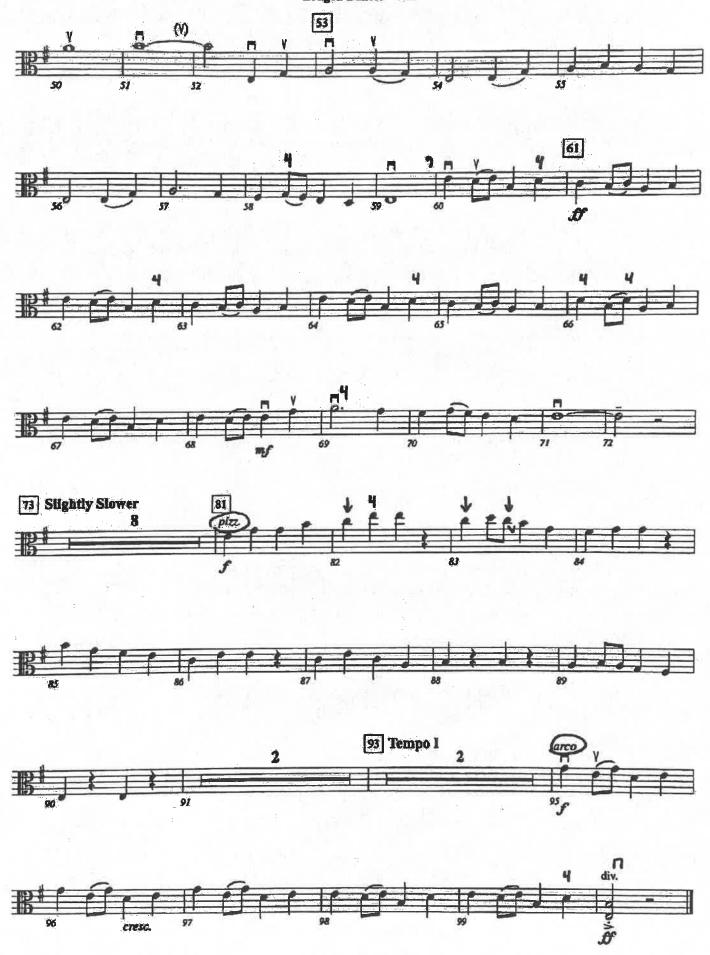
		,	

DRAGON DANCES





Copyright © 2017 by Carl Flecher, LLC stemetional Copyright Secured.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Hooked Bow pg. 39 #121-123
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 4) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 1-16

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Hooked Bowing pg. 39 #122-123
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 4) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 1-16

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Additional Games

Note Values

Instructions: Fill in the blanks using In $\frac{4}{4}$ and $\frac{2}{4}$ time:	the following information as a guide:
Ouarter note -	1 host

Quarter note = 1 beat Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1. There are	eighth notes in one quarter note.
	eighth notes.
	eighth notes in four quarter notes.
4. Three quarter notes equal	eighth notes.
5. Four eighth notes equal _	
6. Three eighth notes equal	heats

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 19-27
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-16
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 17-24

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 19-27
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-16
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 17-24

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

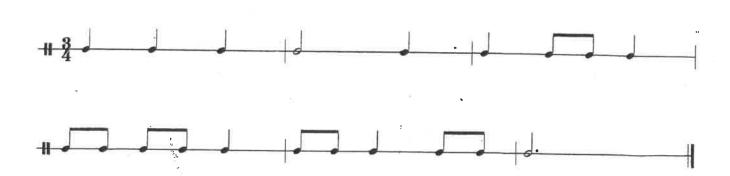
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Speed Drill on D Major Note Names

Rhythm Line #3

Instructions:

Write the subdivided counting under the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-27
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 28-35
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-24
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 25-32

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-27
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 28-35
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-24
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 25-32

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

II. Fill in each blank with a composer's name. You may use each name more than once.

Georges Bizet Ludwig van Beethoven Aaron Copland Johann Sebastian Bach

١.		was deaf when he composed his Ninth Symphony.
2.		was a French composer who composed an opera about Spain and bull fights.
3.		was a composer who wrote for the church as well as royalty. He also taught
	in the church school.	
4.		is considered the bridge between the classical period and nineteenth-century
	romanticism.	,
5.	<u></u>	_ was a composer in the baroque period.
6.		_ was an American nationalist and wrote music using American folk forms.
7.		was never paid by the Duke of Brandenburg for his concertos.
8.		wrote ballet music using the American rodeo as his theme.
9.		wrote "Ode to Joy," which described his feelings about the brotherhood of man.
		used fiddle music in his composition Rodeo.
11.	The music of	is a good example of nineteenth-century romantic
		, nationalism, and lush writing for orchestra.
12.	His opera Carmen has become the	ne world's most popular opera. His last name is

Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-35
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 36-43
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-32
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 33-46

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-35
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 36-43
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-32
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 33-46

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

c	arent	Initials:	
r	arem	Imiliais:	

Instructions:

Additional Game

Speed Drill on G Major Note Names

On the staffs below, draw the clef sign for the instrument you play, and draw whole notes above each

letter name. Add a sharp before FI. Strive to complete all three lines in one minute or less.

										-
		-								_
Ď	Fi	В	G	С	Α	G	Ε	Fŧ	D	
										-
										_
В	F#	D	В	E	G	Α	С	G	В	
										-
С	G	Α	С	E	В	FI	Α	D	В	

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-43
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 44-50
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-46
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 47-54

Warm-Ups

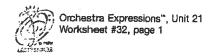
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-43
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 44-50
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-46
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 47-54

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			1		



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

I play the (circle one):

Violin

Viola

Cello

String Bass

Additional Games: Note Values, Note Names in D Major, Time Signatures, Rhythm Line in 3/4

Note Values

Instructions:

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide: $\ln \frac{4}{4}, \frac{3}{4}$, and $\frac{2}{4}$ time:

Quarter note = 1 beat Half note = 2 beats Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1.	tied eighth notes = one qua	ter note.
2.	tied quarter notes = two tied	half notes.
3.	tied eighth notes in one half	note.
4.	Two tied quarter notes equal	beats.
5.	Three tied half notes equal	beats.
6.	Four tied eighth notes equal	_ beats.

Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-50
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 51-end
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-54
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 55-end

Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-50
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 51-end
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-54
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 55-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

24.5			
223	Orchestra	Expressions",	Unit 21

Time Signatures

instructions:

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide:

- The top number tells how many beats in a measure.
- The bottom number tells what kind of note will receive one beat.

1. A	gets one count in $\frac{3}{4}$ time.
2. There are	
3. There are	counts in a measure in $\frac{3}{4}$ time.
4. A	gets one count in 2 time.
5. There are	counts in a measure in 2 time.
6 1	gets one count in 4 time.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" ALL
- 3) Review "Shockwave" ALL

Warm-Ups

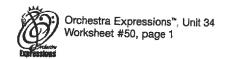
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" ALL
- 3) Review "Shockwave" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

Second Semester Orchestra Review

l. Fi	ill in the blanks. Use each to complete another part of the	ool only once. You will need to remember the tools and their appropriate define semester assessment.	itions to
	1st and 2nd endings tie duet legato whole step chromatics common time	dotted half note half step octave intonation ostinato natural slur waltz anacrusis concerto staccato symphony slurred staccato (hooked bowing)	
1.	V 	are notes altered with sharps, flats, or naturals.	
		m a composition with different parts, it is called a	
3.	A	is the smallest interval between two notes.	
4.	A	_ cancels a sharp or flat.	
		is the same as 4/4 time.	
6.	When notes are played se	parated or detached with a space between them, it is called	bowin
7.	Α	connects two notes of the same pitch together.	
8.	second time.	are used to repeat music and give it a different conclu-	sion the
9.	A	connects two or more notes of different pitches.	
10.	Two half steps together for	orm a	
		s how well each note is played in tune.	
12.	When you play with smoo	th, connected bow strokes, you are usingbowing.	
13.	One or more notes preced	ding the first complete measure is called an	
14.	Stopping the bow betwee	n notes while the bow moves in one direction is called	
15.		is a dance for a couple in 3/4 time.	
		note receives three beats of sound in 3/4 time.	
17.	The distance from one not	te to the next note of the same name is an	
18.	Α	is a multi-movement piece for orchestra that features one or more solo instru	ımente
19.	An	is a short musical pattern that is repeated persistently.	miciks.

is a composition usually containing four movements.

Shockwave

Viola



Enchanted Village

