- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Slurs page 34 #102-105
- 3) Learn C-naturals page 42 #133-135
- 4) Violas/Cellos Learn C String page 50 #163, 164, and 166

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 28 #81 "Pentascale #3 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 42 # 137 "Pentascale #5 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

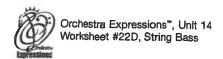
#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Slurs page 34 #104 and 105
- 3) C-natural page 42 #136 and 137
- 4) Violas/Cellos C String page 50 #165 and 167

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

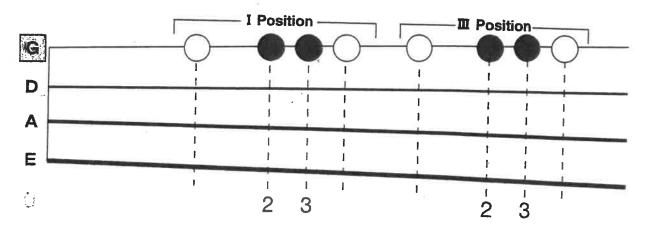
Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

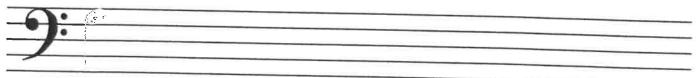


Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# Bass Finger Pattern on the G String—String Bass

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.





- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Slurs page 34 #106-107
- 3) Violins/Basses Learn E String pg. 46 #147, 148, and 150
- 4) **Cellos** Learn IV Position pg. 44 #141 and 143
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 1-8

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 # 1,05 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 28 #81 "Pentascale #3 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 42 # 137 "Pentascale #5 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #154 "Pentascale #6 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Slurs page 34 #106 and 107
- 3) Violins/Basses E String pg. 46 #149 and 151
- 4) **Cellos** IV Position pg. 44 #142 and 144
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 1-8

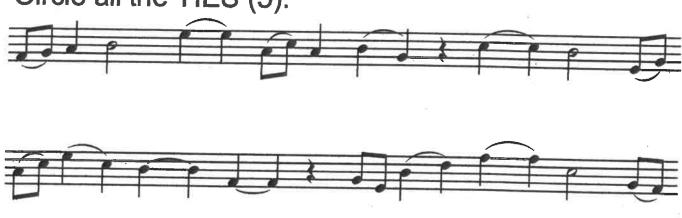
Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

# TIES and SLURS Homework

Review the definitions of TIES and SLURS on page 34 in your Orchesra Expressions Book.

# Circle all the TIES (5):



# Circle all the SLURS (5):



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Accents Handout pg. 24 #78
- 3) Learn G Major Scale pg. 47 #155 & 156
- 4) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-8
- 5) Learn "Resolution" mm. 9-16
- 6) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Accent Handout pg. 24 #78
- 3) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-8
- 4) Learn "Resolution" mm. 9-16
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

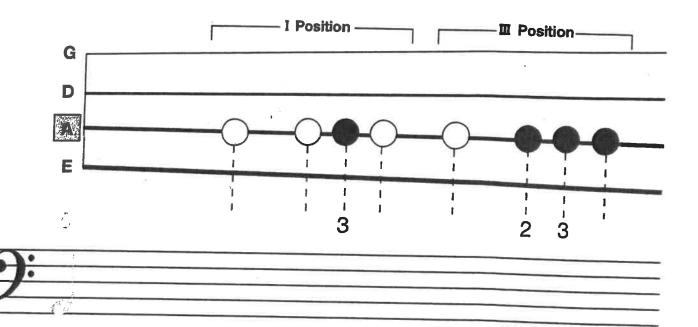
Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

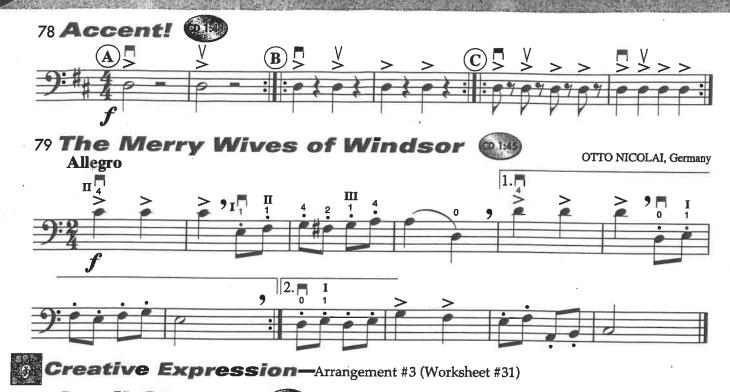


Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# Relate the A String Chromatic Notes/Fingerings to the Piano Keyboard—String Bass

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.









## Ear Training Expression—Worksheet #2

#### Orchestra @ Home

#### LESSON 1

- 1. Perform orchestra and vibrato warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice Lines 78-79. Focus on accents. Remember to hook, release, and stop each accented note.
- 3. Complete your arrangement.

#### LESSON 2

- 1. Perform orchestra and vibrate warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice and prepare Lines 79-80. Focus on accents. Teach what you learned about accents in opera music to family and friends.
- 3. Practice Line 81. Focus on placing the bow after the lift for a firm accent.
- 4. Practice and prepare your arrangement.

#### LESSON 3

- Perform orchestra and vibrato warm-ups to CD 1:43.
- Practice Lines 79–81 refining the use of accents.
- 3. Perform your arrangement for family and friends.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-16
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 17-24
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 5-12

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-16
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 17-24
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-4
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 5-12

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

day Thursday	y Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

#### **Masterworks Word Search**

#### Instructions:

Complete the word search by identifying and circling the names of the six masterworks and six composers you have studied:

Carmen

**Bizet** 

Ode to Joy

Beethoven

Hoedown

Copland

Brandenburg

Bach

Blue Danube

Strauss

Firebird

Stravinsky

В	H	А	N	D	E	N	В	U	R	G	A
E	S	Т	Н	Α	M	U	S	S	1	L	Υ
E	Α	Н	0	S	Α	R	0	Т	Т	R	K
Т	S	F	I	R	E	В	1	R	D	В	S
Н	I	S	G	С	0	Н	M	Α	С	E	N
0 ,	D	E	T	0	J	0	Υ	U	W	С	1
٧	E	Т	Z	Р	L	Ε	R	S	1	Α	V
Ε	N	A	Н	L	i	D	Α	S	0	R	Α
N	E	С	R	Α	S	0	Ν	T	R	M	R
Ε	Α	Ν	U	Ν	Т	W	В	ļ	Z	Ε	Т
В	L	U	Ε	D	Α	Ν	U	В	E	N	S

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-24
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 25-32
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 13-20

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-24
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 25-32
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 13-20

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

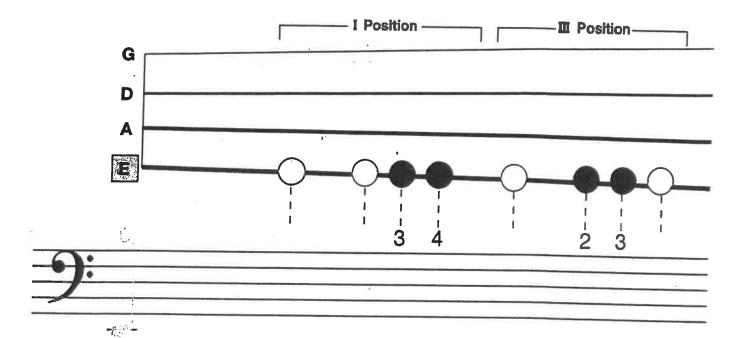
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# String Bass Finger Pattern on the E String—Bass

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding quarter notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-32
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 33-40
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-20
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 21-28

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-32
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 33-40
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-20
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 21-28

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name:					
Date:					
	Creative	Expressi	on		
	G Major Sca	ale Compo	sition		
<ul> <li>Create four measure, bar line</li> <li>Create four measurhythm provided</li> <li>Play your Song!</li> </ul>	nes, and a repeat sures of music by	sign. adding G dend on G	Major So	cale pitches to the	#1

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-40
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 41-48
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-28
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 29-36

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-40
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 41-48
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-28
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 29-36

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

:
Creative Expression
Composition Part 1
Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.  Create a rhythm four measures long by using quarter notes, eighth notes, half notes, and quarter rests.  Count and play your Rhythm!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-48
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 49-54
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-36
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 37-44

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-48
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 49-54
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-36
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 37-44

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

	Creative Expression
	·
	G String Composition Part 2
•	Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time
	signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.
•	Create four measures of music by adding G string pitches to the rhyth
	created last week. Start and end on G.
•	Play your Song!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-54
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 55-62
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-44
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 45-52

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-54
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 55-62
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-44
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 45-52

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Instructions:

E

## Speed Drill on D Major Note Names

	D	FI	В	Ε	CI	A	G	E	В	op:
			•		9			-	J	
-,-										
b]	В	F‡	۵	В	E	G	A	Cŧ	A	В

E

F#

D

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-62
- Learn "Resolution" mm.
   63-end
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-52
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 53-end

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale#7 and Arpeggio"

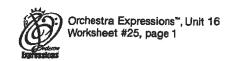
#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Resolution" mm. 1-62
- 3) Learn "Resolution" mm. 63-end
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 1-52
- 5) Learn "Sourwood Mountain" mm. 53-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		10			

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_



Name		
Orchestra/Period	3	
Date		· .

#### **First Semester Orchestra Review**

1. 1	Fill in the blanks. Use eac	•					
	music staff scale	repeat sign	ledger lines	bow lift			
	bar line	double stop clef sign	allegro	round			
	chord	tempo	arco moderato	sharp sign			
	measure	time signature	pizzicato	ABA form double bar			
	arpeggio	andante	key signature	pentascale			
1.			allow us to play notes above				
2.		indicates		and bolow the stall.			
3.	The	he has five lines and four spaces.					
4.	A has two lines and two dots and means to						
	perform a section or the composition again.						
· 5.	A comma is the sign for a						
6.	means to play with the bow.						
7.	A separates the staff into measures.						
8.	A raises the pitch one half step.						
9.	means to pluck the string.						
10	means to play the music at a fast tempo.						
11.	Α		is placed at the beginning of	the staff to denote the pitch o			
	one of the lines.						
12.	A slow walking speed o	f music is described as	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
13.	When musicians play th	e exact same music but begir	n at different times, it is calle	d a			
14.	When music moves in a	scending or descending orde	r, it is called a				
		bar lines is called a					
16.	A is three or more notes played at the same time.						
17.	Α,	has five notes mov	ring in ascending or descend	ling order.			
		s at the same time it is called					
20.	Music that sounds the sa	ame at the beginning and end	with something different in	the middle is called			
21.	•	of a chord one at a time, it is	called an	p			
		is the speed of the music.		,			
			tells us which notes to	play sharp or flat			
		means to play the music a		A To the state of			

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn F-natural pg. 40 #126-128
- 3) Review "Resolution" ALL
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" ALL

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #168 "Pentascale #7 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Play pg. 41 #130 "Pentascale #4 and Arpeggio"
- 3) Review "Resolution" ALL
- 4) Review "Sourwood Mountain" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

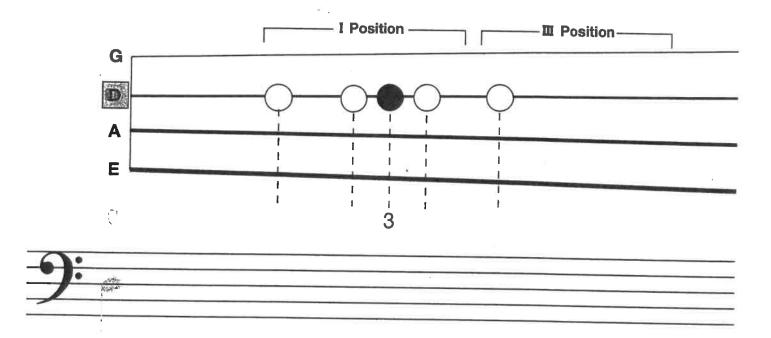
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	<u> </u>
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# Relate the D String Chromatics to the Piano Keyboard—String Bass

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- Draw the corresponding notes on the staff.
- Write the fingering numbers above the notes.



# **Sourwood Mountain**



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41245



# Resolution



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn C Major Scale pg. 51 #170 and 171
- 3) **Basses** Learn II Position pg. 51 #169
- 4) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 3) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) **Basses** II Position pg. 51 #169
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

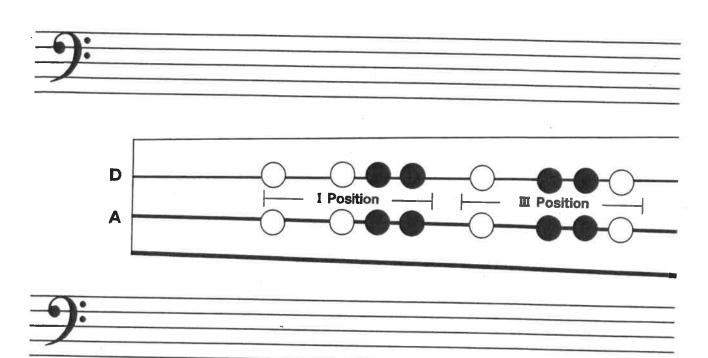
Saturday	Friday	Thursday	Wednesday	Tuesday	Monday
				,	



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# Finger Patterns on the D and A Strings—String Bass

- Place the proper note names inside the circles on the diagram.
- On the staff above the fingerboard, draw the corresponding quarter notes for the A string.
- On the staff below the fingerboard, draw the corresponding quarter notes for the D string.
- Write the fingering numbers above all the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn ¾ Time Signature pg. 36 #112-114
- 3) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20
- 4) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 21-36
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-20
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 21-36
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

	Creative Expression
	Composition Part 1
	Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.
•	Create a rhythm four measures long by using quarter notes, eighth notes half notes, and quarter rests.
•	Count and play your Rhythm!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-36
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 37-52
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 13-22

## Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-36
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 37-52
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-12
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 13-22

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Name	
ate:	
	Creative Expression
	Composition Part 2
•	Create four measures by writing the clef for your instrument, a time signature, bar lines, and a repeat sign.  Create four measures of music by adding C-scale pitches to the rhythm you created in Composition Part 1. Start and end on C.  Play your Song!

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-52
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 53-60
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-22
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 23-30

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-52
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 53-60
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-22
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 23-30

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Additional Games**

#### **Note Values**

h	าร	tr	LH	C.	ti.	o	n	S:
-		# P	ъ.	~	40	v	8 8	w

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide: In  $\frac{4}{4}$  and  $\frac{2}{4}$  time:

Quarter note = 1 beat Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1. There are	eighth notes in one quarter note.
2. There are	quarter notes in six eighth notes.
3. There are	eighth notes in two quarter notes.
4. Three quarter notes equal	eighth notes.
5. Four eighth notes equal _	beats.
6. Three eighth notes equal	heate

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-60
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 61-80
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-30
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 31-38

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

## Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-60
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 61-80
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-30
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 31-38

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
-					

## Time Signatures

- The top number tells how many beats in a measure.
  The bottom number tells what kind of note will receive one beat.

1. A	gets one beat in 4 time.
2. There are	beats in a measure in 4 time.
3. There are	beats in a measure in $\overset{2}{4}$ time.
4. A	gets one beat in 4 time.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-80
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 81-end
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-38
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 39-46

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

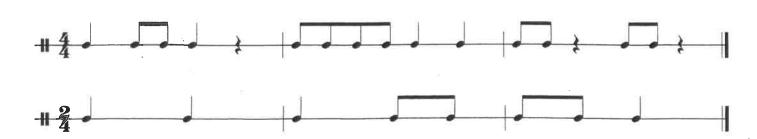
- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" mm. 1-80
- 3) Learn "Dragon Dances" mm. 81-end
- 4) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-38
- 5) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 39-46

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

# Rhythm Line #2

Instructions:
Write the subdivided counting under the notes.



- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-46
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 47-end

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" mm. 1-46
- 4) Learn "Lotus Dance" mm. 47-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Y	ill in each blank with a com ou will need to remember th emester assessment.	poser's name listed below. ese facts in order to write a	You may use each compose about each of these compose	r name more than once. ers in another section of the
	Johann Strauss II	Igor Stravinsky	Antonio Vivaldi	Johannes Brahms
1.		was known as "The Wa	ltz King."	
2.	In 1879 Breslau Universit	y awarded	the honorary de	gree of doctor of philosophy.
	He wrote "Academic Fest	tival Overture" in return for	this honor.	
3.			mplex harmonies, irregular rh	nythms and time signatures,
	and melodies with unpred	•	•	
4.		composed "On the Bear	utiful Blue Danube," originally	written as a song with words
	about the benefits of elec			
5.			uld begin a composition in the	
				duct the new waltz that night.
6.			nd most of the important mu	sical developments of the
_	first half of the twentieth of	-		
7.	Each concerts was name	wrote a collection of fou	r different concertos for solo	violin and string orchestra.
8.			he year: winter, spring, sumn	
0.		is celebrated for his supe	erb craftsmanship and enormo	ous output of more than 500
9.	concertos.	to an extension of the second		
9.			greatest composers of the n	
10			as no words or meaning oth	
				that were popular at the time.
				sitions became more complex.
				and wrote in the baroque style.
13.			secret	ly studied the violin and
		es until his debut at the ago		
14.			World" and was the home of	-
15	the well-known composer			
15.		composed the music for the	ne ballet about a beautiful firebi	rd and an evil magician called
10	The Firebird.			
16.		pushed instruments into e	extended ranges and required t	hat players learn difficult new
47	techniques.			
				enice Orphanage Conservatory)
				as nicknamed "The Red Priest."
19.				blic appearance at the age of
0.0			lying piano in taverns and res	
20.	Wood a loose fitting flame!	never departed from his hu	umble roots; he preferred to	dine in simple restaurants and
	wear a roose-numy nanner	shirt instead of formal clot	nes.	

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- Review "Lotus Dance" ALL

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Dragon Dances" ALL
- 3) Review "Lotus Dance" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

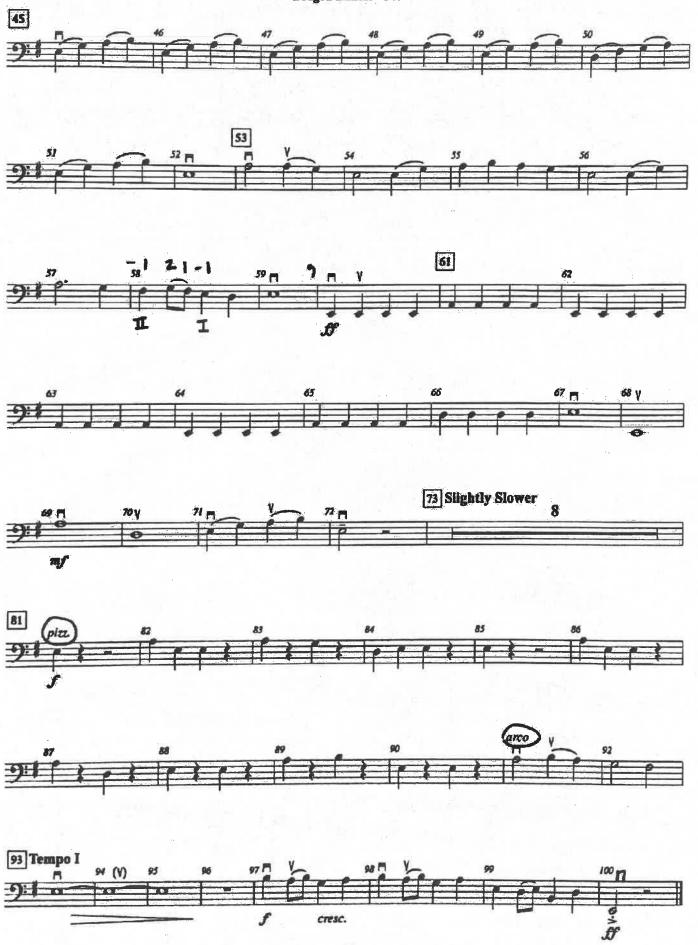
Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

# **DRAGON DANCES**



# **Lotus Dance**





#### Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

#### In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Learn Hooked Bow pg. 39 #121-123
- Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 4) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 1-16

# Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Hooked Bowing pg. 39 #122-123
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 4) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 1-16

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

P	arent	Initials:	

#### **Additional Games**

#### **Note Values**

Instructions:  Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide:  In $\frac{4}{4}$ and $\frac{2}{4}$ time:	
Quarter note = 1 beat Eighth note = 1/2 beat	

1. There are	eighth notes in one quarter note.
2. Two quarter notes equal	eighth notes.
3. There are	eighth notes in four quarter notes.
	eighth notes.
5. Four eighth notes equal _	
6. Three eighth notes equal	heate

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 19-27
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-16
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 17-24

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-18
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 19-27
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-16
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 17-24

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

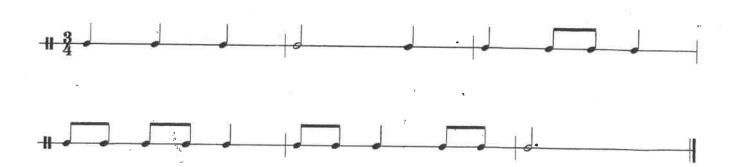
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

# Speed Drill on D Major Note Names

#### Rhythm Line #3

Instructions:

Write the subdivided counting under the notes.



#### Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

# In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-27
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 28-35
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-24
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 25-32

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-27
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 28-35
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-24
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 25-32

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Parent Initials:	
------------------	--

II. Fill in each blank with a composer's name. You may use each name more than once.

Georges Bizet Ludwig van Beethoven Aaron Copland Johann Sebastian Bach

1.		_ was deaf when he composed his Ninth Symphony.
2.		was a French composer who composed an opera about Spain and bull fights.
3.		was a composer who wrote for the church as well as royalty. He also taught
	in the church school.	
4.		is considered the bridge between the classical period and nineteenth-century
	romanticism.	, and the control of hary
5.		was a composer in the baroque period.
6.		was an American nationalist and wrote music using American folk forms.
7.		was never paid by the Duke of Brandenburg for his concertos.
8.		wrote ballet music using the American rodeo as his theme.
9.		wrote "Ode to Joy," which described his feelings about the brotherhood of man.
10.		used fiddle music in his composition Rodeo.
11.	The music of	is a good example of nineteenth-century romantic
		nationalism, and lush writing for orchestra.
2.	His opera Carmen has become the	world's most popular opera. His last name is

#### Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

#### In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-35
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 36-43
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-32
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 33-46

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-35
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 36-43
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-32
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 33-46

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

#### **Additional Game**

# Speed Drill on G Major Note Names

Inetn	ictione.	

On the staffs below, draw the clef sign for the instrument you play, and draw whole notes above each letter name. Add a sharp before Ft. Strive to complete all three lines in one minute or less.

Ď	F#	В		С	Α	G	E	FI	D	
										_
В	Fŧ	D	В	E	G	Α	С	G	В	
										_
С	G	Α	С	Ε	В	Fŧ	Α	D	В	_

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-43
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 44-50
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-46
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 47-54

### Warm-Ups

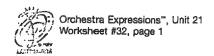
- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
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- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-43
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 44-50
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-46
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 47-54

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	
	•

I play the (circle one):

Violin

Viola

Cello

String Bass

# Additional Games: Note Values, Note Names in D Major, Time Signatures, Rhythm Line in 3/4

#### **Note Values**

#### Instructions:

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide: in  $\frac{4}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$ , and  $\frac{2}{4}$  time:

Quarter note = 1 beat Half note = 2 beats Eighth note = 1/2 beat

1.	tied eighth notes = one qua	rter note.			
2.	tied quarter notes = two tied	tied quarter notes = two tied half notes.			
3.	tied eighth notes in one half	note.			
4.	4. Two tied quarter notes equal beats.				
5.	5. Three tied half notes equal beats.				
6.	. Four tied eighth notes equal beats.				

#### Fifth Grade Strings Practice Checklist

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

#### In-Class Agenda

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-50
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 51-end
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-54
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 55-end

#### Warm-Ups

- 1) pg. 34 #105 "D Major Scale Slurred"
- 2) pg. 36 #114 "Waltz in 3D"
- 3) pg. 47 #155 "G Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 4) pg. 47 #156 "G Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"
- 5) pg. 51 #170 "C Major Scale #1 and Arpeggio"
- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" mm. 1-50
- 3) Learn "Enchanted Village" mm. 51-end
- 4) Review "Shockwave" mm. 1-54
- 5) Learn "Shockwave" mm. 55-end

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

Parent Initials: \_\_\_\_\_



Name	·

#### **Time Signatures**

#### Instructions:

Fill in the blanks using the following information as a guide:

- The top number tells how many beats in a measure.
- The bottom number tells what kind of note will receive one beat.

1. A	gets one count in $\frac{3}{4}$ time.
2. There are	
3. There are	counts in a measure in $^{3}_{4}$ time.
4. A	gets one count in 2 time.
5. There are	
6. A	gets one count in 4 time.

- Students should try to practice 10-15 minutes every day for at least 6 days a week
- Instrument, book, pencil and CD (optional) are needed for every practice session

- 1) Introduce Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" ALL
- 3) Review "Shockwave" ALL

#### Warm-Ups

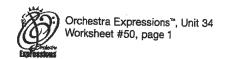
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- 6) pg. 51 #171 "C Major Scale #2 and Arpeggio"

#### Homework

- 1) Worksheet
- 2) Review "Enchanted Village" ALL
- 3) Review "Shockwave" ALL

Students should fill out the number of minutes they practice per day. Parents need to initial at the bottom the night before their child's lesson to verify the amount of time practiced.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday



Name	
Orchestra/Period	
Date	

# **Second Semester Orchestra Review**

complete another part of the se	only once. You will need to remember emester assessment.	er the tools and their appropriate definitions	s to
1st and 2nd endings	dotted half note	half atom	

	1st and 2nd endings tie duet legato whole step chromatics common time	dotted half note octave ostinato slur anacrusis staccato	half step intonation natural waltz concerto symphony				
	oommon time	slurred staccato (hooked bo	owing)				
1.	are notes altered with sharps, flats, or naturals.						
2.	When two players perform a	composition with different parts, it is	called a	·			
3.	Α	is the smallest interval between two notes.					
4.	A ca	ancels a sharp or flat.					
	is the same as 4/4 time.						
6.	. When notes are played separated or detached with a space between them, it is called bowing.						
7.	A connects two notes of the same pitch together.						
8.		are used to repo	eat music and give it a differe	ent conclusion the			
	second time.						
		nnects two or more notes of differen					
10.	Two half steps together form a	a					
11.	is ho	w well each note is played in tune.					
12.	When you play with smooth, o	connected bow strokes, you are usin	9 b	owing.			
13.	One or more notes preceding	the first complete measure is called	an				
14.	Stopping the bow between no	tes while the bow moves in one dire	ection is called				
15.	A is a	a dance for a couple in 3/4 time.					
		note receives	s three heats of sound in 2/4	time a			
17.	The distance from one note to	the next note of the same name is a	an	· time.			
18.	A is a	multi-movement piece for orchestra	that features one or more	volo inetwo			
19.	An is	is a multi-movement piece for orchestra that features one or more solo instruments.  n is a short musical pattern that is repeated persistently.					
20.	A is a	composition usually containing four	r movements.				

# **Shockwave**

**Bass** 



# **Enchanted Village**

SEAN O'LOUGHLIN

